SCHEDULE 1

FORM 4

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

PUBLIC PROCUREMENT COMPLAINTS, REVIEW AND APPEALS BOARD

APPLICATION NO. 11/2006 OF 20TH FEBRUARY 2006

BETWEEN

MAGNATE VENTURES LTD (APPLICANT)

AND

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF MOMBASA (PROCURING ENTITY)

Appeal against the decision of the Tender Committee of Mombasa Municipal Council (Procuring Entity) dated 30th January 2006 in the matter of Tender No. PPP4 for Management of Outdoor Advertising

BOARD MEMBERS PRESENT

Mr. Richard Mwongo - Chairman

Mr. Adam S. Marjan - Member

Mr. P. M. Gachoka - Member

Ms. Phyllis N. Nganga - Member

Eng. D. W. Njora - Member

Mr. John W. Wamaguru - Member

Mr. Joshua W. Wambua - Member

Mr. Kenneth N. Mwangi - Secretary

BOARD'S DECISION

Upon hearing the representations of the parties and interested candidates before the Board and upon considering the information in all documents before it, the Board decides as follows: -

BACKGROUND

This tender was advertised by the Mombasa Municipal Council in daily newspapers of 13th and 19th December, 2005. It sought Proposals for Partners for the Management of Outdoor Advertising. The tender closed/opened on 17th January, 2006 in the presence of the tenderers' representatives. Six bids were opened and were from the following firms: -

- (i) Vision Marketing Advertising Consulting
- (ii) Index Marketing & Promotions Ltd
- (iii) Magnate Ventures Ltd
- (iv) Adopt-A-Light Ltd
- (v) Cheveron International Marketing & Advertising Agencies
- (vi) B-Seen Ltd

EVALUATION

The bids were evaluated by the Technical Tender Committee, which analysed them as per the listed items in the advertisement notice. It then awarded scores and ranked the bidders. The results were as illustrated in the tables below: -

Proposed Amount To Be Invested To Be Investments To Beronnel To Be Investments To Mullion To Mullion To Mullion To Beronnel To Beron	ny st n m FM ank dated motors Africa	4 Million 50% Council 50% Company 0.63 Million Provide latest technology in advertising Petro Oil (K) Ltd Kilifi Gold Brookside dairy Co-operative Bank (Msa) Damda/MOH project Tracker group of Companies Little Chief restaurant	160 Million 80% Concil 20% Company	3 Million Approaching prospective advertisers Nation Media group The standard group Pringle publishers Rome Communicati	75% Council 25% Company -
ership Ration 40% Company 60% Council 80% 80% ssets 27 Million 30 M Poration of activities Management Proves tech evaluating advessible and vership Provestible and vership batteries (k) Ltd * Coca-cola E.A * Coca-cola E.A * Coca-cola E.A * Celtel Kenya * Ltd * Ltd * Through fees and charges and charges * COUNCIL COUNCIL COUNCIL COINCIL COINCIL COINCIL COINCIL COINCIL COINCIL COINCIL * Coth * Coth <t< th=""><th>ny st nn m FM eank dated motors</th><th>ny set technology ng ii (K) Ltd old de dairy rative Bank /MOH project 'group of nies hief restaurant</th><th>20% Concil 20% Company </th><th>Approaching prospective advertisers Nation Media group The standard group Pringle publishers Rome Communicati</th><th>75% Council 25% Company -</th></t<>	ny st nn m FM eank dated motors	ny set technology ng ii (K) Ltd old de dairy rative Bank /MOH project 'group of nies hief restaurant	20% Concil 20% Company	Approaching prospective advertisers Nation Media group The standard group Pringle publishers Rome Communicati	75% Council 25% Company -
ssets 27 Million 30 M poration of Activities Management Rech evaluating & adve evaluating & adve evaluating & adve ership Prov ar Works Kcb • Uniliver (k) ltd ership Eveready • Eveready r Kenya • Eveready batteries (k) Ltd • Eveready r Kenya • Coca-cola E.A r Coltel Kenya • Celtel Kenya Ltd • Safaricom (k) Ltd Through fees and charges sof Partners COUNCIL sof Partners • Personnel	test y in g com 00FM a b Bank blidated ral motors er Africa	est technology ng ii (K) Ltd old de dairy rative Bank /MOH project group of nies hief restaurant	Management of outdoor advertising Erry Services	Approaching prospective advertisers Nation Media group The standard group problishers Rome Communicati	
Activities Management Prov Activities Monitoring & adve ar Works Kcb adve ership Eveready batteries (k) Ltd batteries (k) Ltd abreweries and breweries are Coca-cola E.A celtal Kenya Ltd abricom (k) Ltd abri	M nk nted notors frica	t t	Management of outdoor advertising Kenya Ferry Services	Approaching prospective advertisers Nation Media group The standard group Pringle publishers Rome Communicati	ı
Activities Management Prov Monitoring & adve evaluating adve ership	M nk neted notors frica	+ +	Management or outdoor advertising Kenya Ferry Services	Prospective advertisers Nation Media group The standard group Pringle publishers Rome Communicati	1
works - Kcb - Chailteer (k) ltd - Eveready - Eveready - Kenya - Kenya - Kenya - Coca-cola E.A - Coca-cola E.A - Cltel Kenya - Ltd - Safaricom (k) - Ltd - Safaricom (k) - Ltd - Chailteer - Council E.A - Chailteer - Council E.A - Council E.A - College - College - Chailteer - Council E.A - Council E.A - Council E.A - College - Chailteer - Council E.A -	faricom sltel ss 100FM yota 5-op Bank onsolidated eneral motors umeer Africa	nk roject f urant	Services Services		,
ship	ss 100FM ss 100FM yyota	Kilifi Gold Brookside dairy Co-operative Bank (Msa) Damda/MOH project Tracker group of Companies Little Chief restaurant	Services	group The standard group Pringle publishers Rome Communicati	
Kenya breweries Coca-cola E.A Celtel Kenya Ltd Safaricom (k) Ltd Through fees and charges COUNCIL COUNCIL Personnel	5-op Bank onsolidated eneral motors uneer Africa	(Msa) Damda/MOH project Tracker group of Companies Little Chief restaurant		Pringle publishersRome Communicati	
Coca-cola E.A Celtel Kenya Ltd Safaricom (k) Ltd Through fees and charges COUNCIL Personnel Personnel Coca-cola E.A Coca-cola E.A Colarges Colonocity	onsolidated eneral motors imeer Africa	Tracker group of Companies Little Chief restaurant		 Rome Communicati 	
Celtel Kenya Ltd Safaricom (k) Ltd Through fees and charges COUNCIL Personnel Personnel Personnel Columnia	eneral motors imeer Africa	Companues Little Chief restaurant		Committee	_
Ltd Through fees and chan charges COUNCIL CO			_	no	- 10
Through fees and charges COUNCIL				T T	The condition
chargescharCOUNCILCOIPersonnel•	n fees and	Through fees and charges	Through tees and	I nrougn rees and charges	and charges
COUNCIL COU		TOMO	COLINCIL	COUNCIL	
_	ve	COUNCIL Provide vehicles	Collection of Revenue	Coordinate with KPLC for	
Utility recommend Vahicles equipmed designs.	ommendations of igns.	COMPANY		power issue	1.0
•	Provide existing	• Personnel	COMPANY Personnel	 Guidance & recommended 	
n statutory	records, maps data, etc	• Supervision	Fersonner Tools and	ways, method	
■ Powers ■ Frovide COMPANY COMPANY	Provide space MPANY		equipment	s, materials &	
monitor	Collection of		Hire of machinery	supervision COMPANY	
and evaluate revenue	Personnel		&immovable	 Looking for 	
Technic	Technical resources		assets	prospective advertisers	
				 Coordinate 	
				collection of	
				Coordinate	
				preparation of billboard	

B-SEEN LTD	00	00	00	0.1	8	01	01	80	11	_
8		0	0	0		9	0			9
CHEVERON INTERNATIONAL MARKETING ADVERTISING AGENCIES	05	03	00	02	01	01	10	00	13	υ.
શ્ર										
INDEX MARKETING PROMOTIONS LTD	05	05	00	01	10	01	01	02	16	4
VISIONS MARKETING ADVERTISING COUNSULTING	05	03	02	02	02	02	04	05	25	3
ADOPT-A- LIGHT	05	03	18	12	14	15	80	60	98	Ε.
MAGNATE VENTURES LTD	05	05	15	10	05	05	05	90	56	2
WEIGHT	05	05	20	15	15	20	10	10	100	
CRITERIA	Proof of existence and directors cv's	Trading License and SBP	Financial capability	Technical capability	Experience in similar undertakings	Roles of partner's human resource (personnel) and machine and assets	Proposal on how to recoup the investment and amount to be invested	Proposed partnership ratio and share of profit	TOTAL	RANK
	+	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	&		

The Tender Committee of the Municipal Council in its meeting of 30th January, 2006 awarded the tender to Adopt-a-Light Ltd but refused its proposal of forming a subsidiary company. There was neither a cost attached to the award nor was there a duration of the partnership.

THE APPEAL

This appeal was lodged on 20th February, 2006 by Magnate Ventures Ltd. The Applicant was represented by Njoroge Nani Mungai, advocate, Stanley Kinyanjui and Joseph Gikandi. The Procuring Entity was represented by William O. Mogaka, advocate while the interested parties; Adopt –a-Light Ltd was represented by Eugene Nyamunga, advocate, Esther Passaris, and Douglas Mango; Visions Marketing Advertising Consulting by Jabess Mdhai and Cheveron International Marketing and Advertising Agencies by Njoroge Nani Mungai, advocate.

The appeal was based on 24 grounds. Grounds of appeal Nos. 1-5,17, 20, 21, and 22 are statements on the tendering process and are not backed by any breach of the Regulations as required by Regulation 42 (2). In its submission, the Applicant stated that grounds 1-5 were factual background information while ground 6 was a summary of its arguments. We therefore deal with the rest of the grounds as follows:

Grounds. 7 - 10

The Applicant alleged that the Procuring Entity breached Regulations 34(a) read together with Regulation 36 and 22. It stated that there was no prequalification process despite this being a restricted type of tendering process. The Procuring Entity did not call for expression of interest before inviting the

tenderers to submit proposals. The Procuring Entity invited every one instead of limiting it to the pre-qualified candidates.

In response the Procuring Entity admitted that Regulations 34 and 36 were not followed but the participants of the tender were only six in number hence neutralizing the Applicant's arguments that the invitation should have been addressed to not less than 3 and more than 7 candidates. It further argued that the Applicant participated in the entire process as per the invitation and was therefore estopped from challenging the process, as it was not prejudiced in any manner.

The Board has carefully considered the foregoing contentions. The Board finds that the call for proposals was addressed to the whole world instead of being addressed to the pre-qualified bidders. The Procuring Entity should have floated an expression for interest followed by a request for proposals addressed to only those bidders who pre-qualified.

Accordingly, these Grounds succeed.

Grounds 11 and 12

In these grounds of appeal, the Applicant averred that Regulation 14 and 36(2) were breached. It alleged that the Procuring Entity failed to adequately specify a correct and complete description of the scope and object of the procurement. In addition it failed to set out the criteria for evaluation of the proposals, the relative weight to be given to price as well as other criteria required.

In response, the Procuring Entity stated that the advertisement notice contained enough detail to enable the six candidates to respond. In addition, criteria for evaluation was set out in the details listed in the advertisement notice. It submitted that the Applicant had not demonstrated that the evaluation procedure did not apply across the board and that there was no discrimination as all candidates were evaluated equally and the successful bidder found to have the most advantageous proposal.

The Board has carefully considered the foregoing contentions. The Board finds that the Procuring Entity did not issue any tender document containing instructions to tenderers as required. All that was floated was an advertisement which was used by the Procuring Entity as the tender document itself. We find that the advertisement, to be used as a tender document was deficit in that it did not adequately: -

- Set out the scope and specifications of the procurement, or
- Set out the evaluation criteria, the weighting and procedures for evaluation.

We have perused the Procuring Entity's evaluation report and noted that the criteria used was the sketchy requirements contained in the advertisement. Regulation 36(2) contains a whole range of the minimum details that must be contained in a tender document in respect of RFP. These include: -

- The criteria for evaluating proposals
- The relative weight to be given to price and other criteria.
- The manner they will be applied in the evaluation of the proposals.

As there was no tender document, none of these details were contained in the advertisement.

Accordingly these grounds succeed.

Ground 13 and 24

These regarded breach of Regulation 36(6). The Applicant alleged that the Procuring Entity failed to place a budget ceiling or time limit for the procurement. It contended that the award granted an open cheque to the successful bidder to collect the Council's revenue without any time limit.

In response, the Procuring Entity stated that the unique nature of the proposed partnership venture did not require a budget ceiling. In addition, the Council would benefit with an 80% partnership share holding and similar ratio of profits from the capital investment by the successful bidder. The issue of loss of public funds did not therefore arise.

The Board has carefully considered the foregoing contentions. The Board noted that the advertisement notice did not provided for any stipulation in compliance with Regulation 36(6). This left the procurement open-ended which did not leave room for determining whether there would be value for money. The Board further noted that the successful bidder had proposed a renewable period of fifteen years but the other candidates had not indicated for how long the partnership would entail.

These grounds of appeal succeed.

Ground 14

The Applicant alleged that section 2.5 (iv) of the Users Guide was breaced in that it did not provide a method, time and opportunity for potential candidates to communicate and clarify the terms of the Request for Proposals. The Procuring Entity did not respond to this ground

As earlier noted, the Procuring Entity did not use the Standard Request for Proposal (RFP) and this led it to exclude Clause 2 of the RFP which offers bidders an opportunity to request a clarification and the Procuring Entity time to amend the documents if deemed necessary.

However this was breach of the "Users Guide" and not of the Regulations as required by clause 42(2).

Grounds 15 and 16

In these grounds of Appeal, the Applicant alleged that Regulation 36 (2) (c) was breached. It argued that the Procuring Entity failed to indicate that bidders should exclude themselves from participating in procurement activities as this would lead to a conflict of interest. In addition, the council wanted a manager for its outdoor advertisement and this is a consultancy. If awarded, the successful bidder would be a regulator and player in the outdoor advertising sector.

In response, the Procuring Entity submitted that there was no need for a requirement that candidates exclude themselves from participating, as this was not a consultancy assignment. The Procuring Entity was seeking a

partner to manage its outdoor advertisement and that partnership could not be equated to consultancy.

The successful bidder stated that a consultant has an advisory role while a partner is a business colleague. When a business was carried out jointly, neither of the partners can claim to be a consultant of the other.

The Board has carefully considered the foregoing contentions. The Board noted that the Procuring Entity chose to use the request for proposals procedure in its procurement of a partner. In so doing it was bound to follow the requirements stipulated in the Regulations. By not forming a company we noted that there would be a conflict of interest as the regulator will also be a player in the field.

In view of the foregoing, these grounds of appeal succeeds

Grounds 18 and 19

These grounds allege breach of Regulations 4 and 11. It was contended that the procurement was flawed from the start and that omissions listed in the other grounds of appeal were part of a well thought out scheme to manipulate the procurement. It asserted that the omission of an objective and transparent criteria was calculated to enable the Procuring Entity have unfettered discretion to make the award on a subjective and opaque basis. Further, the conduct of the chairman of the Tender Committee who is the councils' Town Clerk was questionable, as he had tried similar attempts of awarding the successful bidder, the partnership.

In response, the Procuring Entity stated that a fair, transparent and just method was used throughout the process. Allegations of manipulation were misconceived and the chairman of the Tender Committee was neither by himself a Tender Committee nor an Evaluation Committee. Further, the Applicant did not demonstrate how the Town Clerk had undue influence on the evaluation team or the Tender Committee. In addition, the successful bidder submitted the most advantageous proposal.

The Board has carefully considered the foregoing contentions. Regulation 4 states that the purpose of the Regulations is to promote economy and efficiency in public procurements and ensure that public procurement procedures are conducted in a fair, transparent and non-discriminatory manner thereby contributing towards the creation of a sound business climate.

The Board studied the documents submitted to it and as noted in the former grounds, the Procuring Entity had not followed the procurement procedures for Request for Proposals as provided for in Regulation 36. There was however no proof that the chairman of the Tender Committee had undue influence in the deliberation and adjudication of the tender. Further, Regulation 11 was not breached as the Applicant was not excluded from participating in the tender on the basis of nationality, race or any other criterion not having to do with their qualifications. The Applicant submitted its bid and was evaluated along with those of the other candidates.

These grounds of appeal fail.

Ground 23

The Applicant alleged that as a major investor in the outdoor industry it would be put out of business if the award to the successful bidder was not quashed. This is as a result of its competitor being given the power to control the industry while still an active participant in the industry, with a free hand to write out its own terms of reference.

The Procuring Entity did not respond to this ground of appeal.

The Board noted that the if the Applicant had won the tender, it also would have been a regulator and a player just as it is allaying fears of the successful bidder doing the same. The Partnership would be best undertaken after consideration of its operation and mechanisms put in place to ensure that conflicts of interest did not arise. Further consultation of such partnership should be considered.

In the issue of loss, we noted that any tendering process is a business risk. In competitive bidding there is no guarantee that a particular tender will be accepted and just like any other tenderer, the Applicant took a commercial risk when it entered into the tendering process. In view of the foregoing, it cannot claim the loss of business as a result of the tender being awarded to another bidder.

Overall, the Board finds that the procurement was not carried out in accordance with the Regulations and the Procuring Entity being a Public Entity was bound to carry out the Request For Proposal (RFP) or Public

Private Partnership in such a manner as to be within the ambit of Regulation 4.

This is the kind of tender in respect of which, the Procuring Entity having admitted that it was complex and specialized, it should have sought advice and guidance from the Public Procurement Directorate.

In view of the foregoing and the Board having found that the tender process was seriously flawed, we hereby annul the award and order re-tendering.

Dated at Nairobi on this 21st day of March, 2006

A. S. M-s-

Signed Chairman

13

Signed Secretary